

KENTUCKY GAZETTE

AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

[VOL. XVIII.—N^o 952.]

BY DANIEL BRADFORD, LEXINGTON.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1804.

TERMS OF THE GAZETTE.

This paper is published weekly, at two DOLLARS per annum, paid in advance.

Those who write to the Editor, must pay the postage of their letters.

Banks & Owings,

Have imported from Philadelphia, and are opening for sale, on the lowest terms, in the house lately occupied by Messrs. John Jordan jun. & co. next door to Mr. Seitz's,

British and Spanish superfine and common broad cloths, Constitution and fancy cords, Corduroys, Velvets, Velvetts, Jaconet, rambored & book mullins, Humbugs, Balfas, India shawls, silk and cotton, India, silk and cotton handkerchiefs, Chintzes and calicoes of the newest patterns, Irish linens, whole and half bleached, Durants, Calinancoes, Wildbores, &c. &c. Men's and women's cotton hose & socks, Nankeens, Turkey yarn, Tickings &c. A complete assortment of

saddlery and harness furniture, Shoe makers' and carpenters' tools, All kinds of hard ware assorted, Cotton cards, No. 8, 9 & 10, China, glass & queens ware, Imperial, Hyson, Young hyson, & bohea, Coffee, Sugars, Wines, Brandy, Nutmegs, Allice, Pepper, Ginger, Mace, Cinnamon, Mustard, &c. Copers, madder, indigo and allum. An assortment of imported shot of the different numbers.

They keep a constant supply of baron, steel, castings and sheet iron of the best qualities, assorted, and Dry Mann's lick salt.

Millers can be supplied with boulding cloths of the different numbers.

Lexington, April 7th, 1804. tf

Merchandise will be given for old Brads, Pewter & Corners.

Thomas Love,

AFTER an absence of nearly twelve months from his old stand in Frankfort, near the Ferry and Ware-house, now informs his friends and the public that he has resumed his old place of

ENTERTAINMENT,

Where those that may please to call on him, may rely on meeting with every attention, both as to themselves and horses, that this country will afford. Private parties may have rooms undisturbed with the bustle of a Tavern; and gentlemen disposed to have private boarding, can be accommodated to their wishes.

Frankfort, Feb. 22, 1804.

TO BE SOLD OR LEASED,

FOR a term of years, the FARM on which I now live, lying on the Kentucky river, in the county of Woodford, estimated at 256 acres, 80 of one hundred acres thereof cleared, affording most excellent pasturage, and convenient to every fine range. On this Farm there is a Dwelling House of fawed logs, of two stories, two rooms and a passage on the first floor, and three rooms on the second, with convenient out-houses, an excellent spring, spring house, garden, and variety of choice fruit, also, appurtenances thereunto. A ferry, warehouse, and two other houses and out-tillages, capable of accommodating families. For terms apply to John Polletthwait in Lexington, or on the premises, to the subscriber.

CHARLES SCOTT.

October 15, 1804.

FOUND

On the night of the 2d inst. in the streets of Lexington,

A MAHOGANY KNIFE CASE. The owner may get it by applying at Wyatt & Redd's Coach Shop, on Main street, and paying the price of this advertisement. 3P

POTATOES.

ONE Hundred bushels first quality, for the accommodation of those trading down the River, may be had on the bank, at the first Vine-Yard, Kentucky River.

Dec. 4, 1804.

A GENERAL Meeting of the Shareholders of the Kentucky Insurance Company, will be held at their office, in Lexington, on Tuesday 1st day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

By order of the President and Directors.

W. MACBEAN, CLK. Lexington, Dec. 1st 1804.

FOR sale, the place whereon I now live, containing 450 acres well improved, and generally given up to be as handsome a place as any in Fayette county—the dwelling house is of brick, two stories high, 46 feet long by 22 wide, finished off in a neat plain manner, and other necessary out houses; there is likewise a very fine grist mill with two pair of stones, one of which are burr—the said mill, dam, and all were built anew about twelve months ago—the dam and all under works are locust timber, which will stand at least fifty years without being impaired—there is about 120 acres of cleared land, springs and stockwater that was never known to fail. I will sell the whole together, or the mill with 50 or 100 acres with it, and give a considerable credit for half, the other half being paid down. For further particulars by applying to the subscriber, any person may be informed and shewn.

John Rogers. Fayette county, Davy's Fork of Elkhorn, April 16th, 1804.

TWO STILLS FOR SALE.

ONE holds 127 gallons, the other 60 gallons. I will sell them low for all Cash. For sale, also,

The Noted Thorough Bred Horse, LAMPLIGHTER, which is equal in blood and beauty to any horse in the state, and his colts the same if not superior. I will take one thousand dollars for him—he is eight years old. J. R.



VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

700 acres Military Land, lying on Brush creek, N. W. T. where the road crosses from Limestone to Chillicothe; this tract contains about three hundred acres of rich bottom, the remainder is well timbered; has on it a good mill seat, and is an excellent stand for a public house.

500 acres ditto ditto, lying on Clover Lick creek, a branch of the East fork of the Little Miami, N. W. T. in a good neighborhood, about three miles from Danhams-Town, seven from Williamsburg, and eleven to twelve from the Ohio river.

1000 acres ditto ditto, lying on Brush creek, a few miles from New Market, N. W. T.

5000 acres, lying on Bank Lick creek, Kentucky, part of two tracts, containing 6000 acres, surveyed and patented for William Jones.

4000 acres, Clarke county, Kentucky, part of a tract of eight thousand acres, surveyed and patented for Richard Chinnervorth.

3332 2-3 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, part of 5000 acres, surveyed and patented for George Underwood.

1200 acres, Mason county, Kentucky, surveyed and patented for Moody and M'Millin.

1000 acres Military land, on the waters of Russell's creek, Green river.

325 acres, Jefferson county, Kentucky, about four miles from Louisville, 40 acres of this tract is cleared.

116 1-2 acres, Franklin county, Kentucky, on the North fork of Elkhorn, about six miles from Frankfort; on this tract are considerable improvements.

A House and well improved Lot in the town of Paris, on Main street, and adjoining Mr. Hughes's tavern.

An Inn and Out Lot in said town.

Also a House and well improved Lot in this place.

The above described property will be sold low for CASH, HEMP and TOBACCO, or on giving bond with good security, a considerable credit may be had. For further particulars enquire of Andrew F. Price, attorney in fact for (or to the subscriber.)

JOHN JORDAN Jun. Lexington Kentucky, January 13, 1803.

MADISON CIRCUIT &c

September Court, 1804.

Green Clay Complainant.

Against Ralph Morgan & Als. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainant by his Counsel, and on his motion, it appearing to the Court that the defendant Peter Banta, Lear Banta, Abraham Tiptot & Hannah his wife, are not inhabitants of this state; it is therefore ordered that the said absent defendants do appear here on the first day of their next March term of this Court, to shew cause if any they can, why the complainant's bill shall not be taken as confessed, and that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively.

A Copy. Teste William Irvine, C. M. C.

Nov. 21, 1804.

BLUE, RED, GREEN, YELLOW & BROWN DYING.

I WILL color cotton and linen with a hot dye, which I will warrant to stand, or return the money, and on as reasonable terms as any dyer in Lexington. I will dye wool a deep blue at 1s. 6d. per pound.

HUGH CRAWFORD.

At the sign of the Golden Boot & Shoe, in the old court-house, corner of Main & Cross-streets, Lexington.

September 13th, 1803.

N. B. If you want to have your cotton coloured free from spots, tye your cuts loose. H. C.

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the late firms of Seitz & Lauman, John A. Seitz, Seitz & Johnston John A. Seitz & Co. John Jordan Jun. John Jordan Jun. & Co. and John & William Jordan, are requested to come forward immediately, and pay off their respective accounts to ANDREW F. PRICE, who is hereby duly authorized to receive the same. Those who do not avail themselves of this notice, may rest assured that suits will be instituted against them without discrimination.

John Jordan Jun. Lexington, Sept. 4, 1804. tf

MADISON CIRCUIT &c.

September Court, 1804.

Green Clay Complainant.

Against Jonathan Patterfon and Als. Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the complainant before his Counsel, and on his motion it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendants, Francis, Wm. Techanee, Allen & Christo. Degraffineid, Miller Woodson & Mary his wife, Samuel Strong & Patsy his wife, Nicholas Hobson & Sarah his wife, Benjamin Finney & Lucretia Jones his wife, Catharine Jenne Degraffineid & Nancy Needham Degraffineid heirs of Ischana Degraffineid dec. are not inhabitants of this state, it is therefore ordered that the said absent defendants do appear here on the first day of their next March term of this Court to shew cause if any they can, why the complainant's bill shall not be taken as confessed; and that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for two months successively.

A Copy. Teste William Irvine, C. M. C.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the subscriber, about 6 miles from Mann's Lick on the road to Lexington, about two weeks since, a dark bay, full blooded MARE, very likely, about 7 years old, about 15 hands high, with a long switch tail, heavy with foal, shod all round, no brand or natural mark, that is recollected. Any person delivering the above described mare to the subscriber in Lexington, and prosecuting the thief to conviction, shall receive the above reward, or for the mare only, ten dollars.

GEORGE ADAMS.

Lexington, Nov. 26th, 1804. tf

To the Amateurs of the Fine Arts.

PORTRAIT OF WASHINGTON.

ANY person desirous of procuring the likeness of General George Washington, in copperplate printing, can do so by applying at Bradford's or Anderson's printing offices, in Lexington, where a subscription is opened at per copy. Should sufficient encouragement be given to defray the expenses of the above undertaking, the portraits of Jefferson, Adams, and Hamilton, shall also be executed.

Geo. M. Bibb,

WILL continue to exercise his profession of counsel and attorney at law, in those circuit courts in which he has heretofore practiced, and in the court of appeals, and court of the United States, for the Kentucky district.

Lexington, Nov. 24, 1804.

FOUND

ON Saturday the 17th inst. on the road between Lexington and Frankfort, an Auditor's WARRANT for 44 dollars, together with some other papers, which the owner can have, by applying to the subscriber 7 miles from Frankfort on the road to Cincinnati.

JAMES VAUGHTER. Nov. 21, 1804.

Private Entertainment.

The subscriber informs his friends & the public, that he has opened a house of PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT, in that large two story brick house, just above the new building intended for the Kentucky Insurance Company, on Main street.

JNO. P. WAGNON. Nov. 6, 1804.

FOR SALE

556 Acres of Land,

ON the Cumberland River near Eddyville, in the name of Francis Brooke.

1000 Acres one moiety of 2000 Acres on Highland Creek.

833 1-3 Acres, one moiety of 1666 2-3 Acres in the name of George Lewis, including Weedon's Lick.

910 Acres Ohio state, main Paint Creek, within 11 miles of Chillicothe.

These Lands will be sold low, & on long credit for the greater part of the purchase money.

Apply to CUTH. BANKS. LEXINGTON OR. 8th, 1804.

TO RENT & HIRE.

A VALUABLE FARM

on Hickman creek, where John Glover now lives, containing 160 acres of cleared land, an excellent two story stone dwelling house, and other convenient out houses, and an excellen barn; a large apple orchard, I suppose sufficient to make 100 barrels of cyder, a large peach orchard, I suppose 700 trees, a cherry orchard and pear trees, a fine garden, still house, &c. excellent spring and stock water, which I will rent at private, together or divided to suit persons wishing to rent, on or before the 1st day of January next, and if not then rented, will be rented to the highest bidder, on the premises, for one or more years. And at the same time and place will be hired out for one year a number of NEGROES, men, women, girls, and boys, the property of John M. Young Jun. by H. HARRISON, His Guardian.

Nov. 1st, 1804. tf

Jessamine County, &c.

October Circuit court, 1804.

James Owens, complainant,

against John Williams's heirs, Thomas Caldwell, David Noon, Nathaniel Blernis and Daniel Strunck, defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Daniel Strunck, having failed to enter his appearance herein, according to law and the rules of this court, & it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth—on motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said Daniel Strunck do appear here on the third day of our next April court, to answer the complainant's bill, and that a copy of this order be inserted in some one of the Kentucky prints, according to law.

A copy. Teste Saml. H. Woodson, c. j. c. c.

STATE OF KENTUCKY &c.

Clarke circuit, October term, 1804.

John, William, Elijah, James, Andrew, Robert, Agga, and Anna M'Creery, heirs of Robert M'Creery, deceased, complainants,

Against William Gillaspie, and Benjamin Esil, &c. defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant William Gillaspie, not having entered his appearance herein agreeably to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this commonwealth, on the motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the third day of our next April term, and answer the complainants' bill, that a copy of this order be inserted in the Kentucky Gazette for eight weeks successively.

A copy. Teste Saml. M. Taylor, c. c. c. c.

CLARKE COUNTY, &c. TAKEN up by Julius Watts, living on the four mile waters, about 3 miles from Winchester, A Light Yellow Sorrel HORSE, 4 years old last spring, upwards of 14 hands high, shod before, some white in his face, and a lump on his nose; no brands perceivable, appraised to 30 dollars, given under my hand this 27th day of June, 1804.

JOHN WARD. A Copy. Teste D. BULLOCK, C. C. C. C.

Verfaillies, Nov. 23, 1804. tf

DIRECT TAX.

WHEREAS by an act of Congress passed on the 3d of March last, entitled, "An act further to amend an act, entitled, "An act to lay and collect a direct tax, within the United States," the collectors of said tax are directed to transmit to the Supervisor, correct transcripts of lists of all lands or lots which they have sold for the non-payment of said tax—And it is further provided, that any person making payment to the Supervisor; of the tax coits and interest upon any tract of land or lot so sold, should be permitted to redeem the same, provided such payment or tender of payment be made within the period prescribed by law—which in this state will expire generally in January and February next—In pursuance of the provisions of the above recited act, public notice is hereby given, that I am in possession of all the collectors, lists of lands and lots, which have been sold for non-payment of the said tax, within this state, (save two which are expected daily) and that any person wishing to redeem lands or lots which have been sold, may do so by applying to the subscriber in Lexington.

JAMES MORRISON, Supervisor. Lexington, July 16th, 1804.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE just received, in addition to their former assortment, Blue ground calico and chintzes, Cambric, jaconet, and tambored mullins, Furniture dummies, Black gauze for veils, Extra long silk gloves, assorted and coloured, Silk and cotton hosiery, Fancy and constitution cords, India Nankeens, Complete cases plotting instruments, Suspenders, Irish linens, Kid, morocco and stuff shoes, English & German scythes, Spanish segars by the box, Anvils, vices, White and red lead, Spanish brown, yellow oker, Vermillion and Prussian blue, Indigo and fig blue, Coffee, loaf sugar, teas, Wines, &c. &c. &c. Which will be sold unusually low for Cash in hand.

MACCOUN & TILFORD. Lexington, July 16, 1804.

THE PITTSBURGH Glass Works,

HAVING been in successful operation for some time past; the proprietors are induced to inform their former customers and others, that they have now on hand a large assortment of WINDOW GLASS and HOLLOW WARE of a superior quality to any hitherto manufactured in this country; and that they have determined to reduce the prices this season—as follows:

WINDOW GLASS, 7 by 9 at 11 dollars a box, by 10 12 do, 10 by 12 13 do and larger sizes in proportion. HOLLOW WARE, Gallon bottles 400 cents a dozen Half Gal. do 240 : do Quart do 160 : do Pint do 120 : do Porter & Claret do 133 1-3 do April 27th, 1804. 3m

HORSE THIEVES!!!

STOLEN from Lexington, on Saturday, the 3d instant, a HORSE, about ten years old, fourteen hands three inches high a bright bay colour, with a blaze in his face, his near hind leg remarkable, being spotted, white and black from his hoof above his pastern joint, has the appearance of a nicked horse, carrying his tail a little one side, has some saddle spots on his back, a lump on the inside of one of his fore legs just below the knee, called a splint—Any person securing the horse and thief, shall have twenty dollars reward, for the horse alone ten dollars.

Elisha J. Winter. Lexington, Nov. 12, 1804. tf

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's stable on the night of the 18th inst. a large Dun coloured MARE, about 15 1-2 hands high, 4 years old last spring—I do not recollect any brand or natural mark. She was seen with a man on her about two miles from this place on the road to Lexington early on the morning of the 19th. Whoever will deliver the above mare to the subscriber, in this town, and procure the thief to conviction, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges; or for delivering the mare only, a gene 4 ous reward.

THOMAS EASTLAND. Verfaillies, Nov. 23, 1804. tf

CONGRESS.

House of Representatives.

Thursday, November 8, 1804.

Mr. J. Clay offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to present in the name of Congress to capt. Stephen Decatur, a sword of the value of \$1000, and to each of the officers and crew of the United States' Ketch Intrepid, \$2000, as a testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of the gallantry, good conduct and services of capt. Decatur, the officers and crew of the said Ketch, in attacking and destroying a Tripolitan frigate of 44 guns, late the United States' frigate Philadelphia.

The resolution was referred to a committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and ordered to be printed.

Friday, November 9, 1804.

Mr. J. Clay's motion relative to captain Decatur, the officers and crew of the Intrepid ketch, was taken up in committee of the whole.

Mr. Van num in the chair.

On motion of Mr. Clay the resolution was altered by striking out after the word "sword" the words "of the value of \$1000," and filling up the other blank with the word "two," thereby giving the officers and crew 2 months pay.

Mr. J. Clay, with a view of shewing the propriety of the measure, read extracts of letters written by commodore Preble and lieutenant Decatur, which had been obtained from the secretary of the navy; they contained an account of the circumstances attending this honorable exploit, which have heretofore been printed in the public newspapers.

The committee rose and reported the resolution as amended.

Mr. Griswold presumed the object of this step was to pay a tribute of respect to those brave men who had so gallantly achieved this glorious and dangerous enterprise. He wished to do this in a manner the most honorable and notorious, and perhaps the best course would be to obtain from the head of the navy department a list of the names of the officers and the number of the crew, together with a detail of the circumstances attending the event. With this view he moved to postpone the consideration of the resolution reported by the committee of the whole till to-morrow, in order to introduce a resolution to this effect: That the secretary of the navy be directed to communicate to this house the names of the officers and the number of the men employed in the destruction of the frigate in the harbour of Tripoli, together with a statement of the circumstances attending that event.

The postponement was agreed to without opposition, & the resolution of Mr. Griswold was adopted with a small variation suggested by Mr. J. Randolph, and acquiesced in by the mover, viz. "That the president of the United States be requested to cause to be laid before this house, &c."

Mr. J. Clay and Mr. T. M. Randolph were appointed a committee to wait on the president and communicate the request of the house.

Monday, November 12.

Mr. J. Clay reported that the committee appointed to wait upon the President on the subject of capt. Decatur and the ketch Intrepid, had performed that service, and received for answer that he would cause the request of the house to be complied with.

Thursday, November 15.

A message from the president of the United States was received, accompanied by the report of the Secretary of the Navy communicating the documents requested by the House relative to the affair of the Intrepid Ketch under the command of captain Decatur, who it was announced had been promoted to the rank of captain in the navy of the United States. Ordered to be printed.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

Wednesday, Nov. 21.

Mr. Kercheval from the select committee to whom was referred so much of the governor's address, as respects the opening of a road through the lands of the Cherokee Indians to the state of Georgia, made the following report, viz.

The committee to whom was referred so much of the governor's address, as respects the letter of the secretary at war, covering arti-

cles of agreement made between the United States and the chiefs of the Cherokee Indians, respecting the opening of a road through the lands of the said Indians, from the state of Tennessee to the state of Georgia, have according to order had the same under consideration, and have come to the following resolutions thereupon, viz.

Resolved, as the opinion of this committee, that a road from this state to the state of Georgia, through the Indian lands, in this state and the state of Tennessee, would be very beneficial to the citizens of this commonwealth, inasmuch as it will in the opinion of your committee make a very great saving in the distance; and if a road should be obtained, would greatly facilitate the exportation of our live stock, and other produce; and give to the citizens of this state, the advantage of another market, which, from the circuitous route they now have to travel to it, prevents their receiving that benefit they would if a road on a more direct route was opened.

Your committee further report, that from the papers from the secretary at war, it appears that the United States have by agreement with the Indians, obtained permission to open roads from the mouth of Clinch river and Tellico in Tennessee to Jackson county in Georgia, with permission to view and mark a road from this state to intersect the former roads at the mouth of Clinch river or Tellico, if a road should be practicable, and if not, to intersect at some other point on a practicable route; and that so soon as a road is looked out, and designated, that measures will immediately be taken by the general government, to procure from the Indians permission to open said road. Your committee are of opinion, that a road on the direction provided for by the general government, will be much nearer to the seaport towns in the state of Georgia, than the present road, and that it will be of high importance to the people of this state; and that a law should pass providing for looking out and designating said road, and that a bill ought to be brought in to that effect.

Mr. Kercheval read and laid on the table the following resolution, viz.

Whereas it appears to the general assembly, that the general court now established by law, does not answer the valuable purposes expected by the establishment thereof:

Resolved, therefore, That the state be divided into two districts: all on the north side of the Kentucky river, including the counties of Madison, Franklin and Gallatin, shall compose one district, and that a court be holden therefor at Paris in the county of Bourbon, to be composed of one half the circuit judges; and the residue of the state shall compose the other district, and a court therefor shall be holden at Bardonia in the county of Nelson, and be composed of the other half of the circuit judges; which courts shall possess the same jurisdiction in their respective districts, as the general court now have; and all suits now depending in the said general court, be removed to the to the Paris district for trial.

Thursday, Nov. 22d.

On the motion of Mr. F. Grundy, the house proceeded to consider the bill and amendments which were laid on the table on yesterday, to amend the several acts establishing circuit courts; and the said amendments, which were to establish circuit courts in the counties of Bracken, Pendleton, Boone, Gallatin, Nicholas, Floyd, Knox, Wayne, Henderson, Breckenridge and Greenup; also, to appoint two additional circuit judges being read, were concurred in.

Passed, an act repealing so much of former acts as prevents the appropriation of salt licks, springs, mines of mineral or ore, by settlement claims.

Monday, Nov. 26.

Mr. F. Grundy read and laid on the table the following resolutions:

Whereas, owing to the manner of appropriating lands on the western waters, adopted by the state of Virginia, previous to the erection of the state of Kentucky into an independent state, there are many conflicting claims to land, and the titles to real property in this state are thereby rendered precarious and unsettled; and inasmuch as many claims to land in this commonwealth are held by non-residents, who have it in their election to have their suits tried in the state courts, or the courts of the United States,

which gives the non-resident a decided advantage, the resident having no such election; which advantage is more manifest, when it is considered that different principles of decision may be established by those different tribunals, and the non-resident has it in his power to resort to that court where former decisions favor his particular case. And this is not the only inconvenience which the citizens of this commonwealth are subject to, in consequence of our particular situation; the artful and wealthy land claimant who is an inhabitant of this state, by a transfer of his title to a non-resident, may give jurisdiction to the court of the United States, and thereby put it out of the power of his indigent opponent to pursue or support his claim with success. This is sufficiently evident, when we recollect the great distance which many of our citizens live from the district court of the United States for the Kentucky district, and their inability to prosecute an appeal at the federal court:

And whereas the act of congress prohibiting an assignment of promissory notes, or other choses in action to non-residents for the purpose of giving jurisdiction to the federal court, is rendered ineffectual in this state by reason of the practice which prevails in the said court, and thereby our citizens are burthened unnecessarily with vast expence which attends the administration of justice in said court:

And whereas serious and alarming consequences may ensue from the contradictory adjudications in the supreme federal court and the court of appeals in this state:

And whereas the judiciary of each individual state ought to be considered as best qualified to decide upon the laws enacted by the legislature of that state, more especially when the subject to be adjudicated on, is of such a nature as to require an intimate knowledge of the history of that state, and the particular mode of acquiring that property which is the subject of dispute:

Resolved therefore, That the senators in congress from this state, be and they are hereby instructed, and our representatives in congress are also requested to use their best endeavors to procure such amendment to the constitution of the U. States as will confine the judicial power of the courts of the United States, to cases in law and equity, arising under the constitution and laws of the United States, and treaties made and which shall be made under their authority; cases affecting ambassadors and other public ministers and consuls; cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states.

Resolved also, That the governor be, and he is hereby requested to forward the foregoing resolution to each of the senators and representatives from this state in the congress of the United States; also to the executive of each state in the union, that the same may be laid before their several legislatures, with a request for their co-operation in procuring said amendment.

Thursday, Nov. 27.

Mr. F. Grundy then called up the resolutions which he read and laid on the table yesterday, respecting an amendment to be proposed to the constitution of the United States—which resolutions were twice read, concurred in, and sent to the senate for their concurrence.

WASHINGTON (City) Nov. 20.

By an arrival at New York from London papers are received to the 27th of September. The Russian charge d'affaires had left Paris—the minister of Sweden had been directed to leave Paris within six days—the French minister at the Russian court had been ordered to leave Petersburg immediately.—An insurrection had taken place at or near Bilbao in Spain, and twenty thousand men had entrenched themselves to resist the commands of the Spanish government.

A London print of the 24th of September, observes—"Letters from Spain, with the last Lisbon mail, mentions, that after the arrival of a courier from admiral Gravina, the ambassador of his catholic majesty in France, the cabinet of Madrid ordered the equipment of some ships of the line and frigates; Bonaparte insisting that the blockade of one of its ports by a British squadron, is an infraction upon the neutrality of Spain. It is believed that these Spanish ships now arming

are destined to serve as a convoy to the French and Dutch ships at Ferrol, or rather to augment their number; and in case they are attacked, such an act will be regarded as a declaration of war on the part of Spain. It was even said at Lisbon, that these proceedings, and this determination of the court of Spain, had already been announced to the court of St. James's."

November 21.

General Turreau, minister plenipotentiary of the emperor of France has arrived at this place.

November 23.

The President has nominated James Bowdoin of Massachusetts, minister plenipotentiary to the court of Madrid; and we understand that the senate have confirmed the nomination.

A letter, dated Tellico, October 25, states that the day preceding, the convention held at that place with the Cherokees had been broken up; and that the commissioners could only obtain a small tract of land on the side of Georgia, that which is commonly called Wofford's settlement—Little doubt, however, is represented to be entertained of all the land asked for being obtained in the spring.

LONDON, Sept. 19.

It was reported last week upon the exchanges of Amsterdam and Rotterdam, that Lucien Bonaparte had returned from Leghorn, Genoa, Venice, and Trieste, to banking houses in Holland, and at Hamburg and Lubeck, no less than twenty millions of livres, 840,000l. to be placed in the English funds, under five different names, but that the spies of his worthy brother Napoleon had discovered this politico-financial manoeuvre, and with the exception of six millions of livres, 250,000l. Napoleon had encountered the intents of Lucien, and laid an embargo on the money. It is even said that two of Lucien's agents have been taken up and sent to France, and that orders have been sent to Lucca, where Lucien lately resided, to confine him. Another rumor is current, that he had previously made his escape on board a neutral vessel at Leghorn, and sailed either for America or England. We do not know what credit is due to these reports, nor whether they are entitled to any. We know however that private letters both from France & Italy, state that madame Bonaparte, the mother, and Paulina Bonaparte, the Princess Borghese, have in vain attempted to reconcile the emperor with his fane culotte brother, and that the former has forbidden the latter to set his foot not only in France, but upon the territory of the Italian republic. Even Louis Bonaparte thought to effect a reconciliation, and went as far as Turin to speak to Lucien, but there a courier from Napoleon overtook him; ordering him to return to Paris—madame Bonaparte, the mother, and her brother Cardinal Felice, with the other members of the Bonaparte family, are, however, in hopes with the assistance of Cardinal Caprari, Cambaceres, and Talleyrand, to overcome the prejudices of the liberal Napoleon, and that, before his mock coronation, another mock senatus consultum will be proclaimed, making Lucien and Jerome Bonaparte revolutionary imperial Highnesses, and restoring to them their withheld rights and the permission, privilege and etiquette to salute the Austrian and Prussian Princes their Dear Cousins!!!

From the Nat. Egis.

"Old MASSACHUSETTS' haired hills
"Awake, and chaunt the matin lay—
"A realm's acclaim the welkin fills,
"To hail the dawn of FREEDOM'S day!"

THE ELECTION.

"There is more joy over one sinner that repenteth; than over ninety-nine just, that need no repentance." With cordial congratulations on the glorious result of the late important election, we salute our Republican friends in every part of the Union. The return of Massachusetts to the principles of Republicanism, forms an era in her history, on which patriots will delight to dwell, with a holy rapture, and which faction has already begun to lament, with all the agony of disappointed ambition.

The issue of the late election—ill as quoted as the most illustrious triumph of Republican energy over "powers and principalities," wealth, influence, and hypocrisy. By their own confession, the minions of false Federalism concentrated all their forces on this interesting occasion. It was not a skirmish between detached bodies. The whole force of either party was brought into the field.

The defeat was total—the victory complete. In vain did mercantile interest lavish the "aerial acid" of corruption. In vain, did clerical hypocrisy pass round the cup of her abominations. In vain, did official influence interpose her various weapons. The sleeping Samsons of New England were roused. The mighty fabric of delusion was overthrown, and the mighty coalition of Agents, Office-seekers, "Nobles," and Clergymen, who had reared it, viewed in its fall the prostration of their fondest hopes.

But to insult the fallen is not the part of a Republican. We would leave the vanquished to their own reflections.—Every class of them will find useful matter of meditation. The interested may see the fallacy of highly raised expectations. The ambitious may learn humility, the sanguine, patience;—and the pious, while they adore the just dispensation of Providence, which has counteracted the schemes of delusion, and established the cause of truth, may be taught the hard lesson of resignation. Yet though we wish not the exultation of an insulting triumph, we may be permitted with glad and grateful hearts to "join the thousands and the tens of thousands," of Republican patriots, who throng the altar of their country's freedom.

That the victory we have obtained is complete, and the advantages resulting from it solid and substantial, will not be contested. Although returns have not been received from all the towns in the state, yet the whole force of Federalism has been canvassed; and unless in the remaining towns, a more wonderful change has been experienced, against the Republican cause, than has been in its favor, in the rest of the state, the remainder of the detail will but increase the Republican majority. That every nerve was exerted by the opposition, at this time, they themselves have acknowledged; and it is not the least, among the causes of congratulation that they have been defeated by the operation of a measure, which they had projected to render the suffrages of Republicans unavailing, and to ensure to themselves a successful issue. They have been defeated on their own ground. They have fallen into the pit, which they had dug, to entrap their opponents. In the confidence of security, in the boastful certainty of superior numbers, they calculated on a General Ticket as a sure scheme to "set the whole strength of Massachusetts in array against Virginia." They have been disappointed. Their disorganizing pamphlets, the mad motion of Ely, and all their other measures to create dissension between the States, have terminated in their own disgrace, and served merely to open the eyes of their devoted followers. They have managed with madness—they have sealed the Death-Warrant of their political influence. By the rashness of the garrison, we have carried the very citadel of Federalism. Yet, it is no time for Republicans to remit their exertions. The victory is final if properly improved. But, if it merely produces a lazy confidence, an indolent security, if like HANNIBAL in Italy, we are put off our guard by the effects of conquest, like him we shall have to regret, that success has been our ruin.

IF JAMES MILLER,

NATIVE of Scotland, is in the western Country his relations desire he would return home or write where he is. He is about 50 years of age, a farmer or Distiller by occupation. N. B. The printers of Kentucky are requested to give this a place in their papers.
Danville pap.

ADVERTISEMENT.

I DO hereby caution all persons against trading for
THREE NOTES.
Given by me to Evan Frances, of two hundred bushels of wheat each; one due in December 1804, another in December 1805, the other in December 1806, as I am determined not to pay them, unless compelled by law; as I have been deceived in the consideration, for which said Notes were given.
GEORGE CLEVELAND.
Dec. 5th, 1804. 3w*



"True to his charge—
He comes, the Herald of a noisy world,
News from all nations lumbering at his back."

LEXINGTON, DECEMBER 11.

MARRIED On the 3d. of this inst. DOCT. SAM'L G MITCHELL, of Millersburgh, Bourbon County, to MISS NANCY HENDERSON, daughter of Samuel Henderson, of the same County.

Yesterday morning at sunrise, the mercury in Fahrenheit's thermometer, stood at 11 above 0.

About two o'clock yesterday, a fire was discovered in the roof of Mr. January's brick house, now occupied by Mr. Wilkins as a store. It was soon extinguished, by the activity of the Citizens, with but little damage.

On Wednesday last the Electors to choose a President and Vice President assembled in Frankfort, and gave an unanimous vote for Thomas Jefferson as President, and George Clinton as Vice President. They appointed Capt. Richard Taylor as their messenger to carry the votes to Congress.

Mr. Dufour has erected Poles to serve as beacons to those boating down the river, on each side the best float, at the risk, just above the Vineyard. Mr. Dufour certainly deserves the thanks of all those engaged in Commercial pursuits on that river; and if his example was followed by those residing near every rifle on the river, it would tend greatly to assist the navigator, and preserve many boats from wreck, which otherwise would be lost to their owners and our Country.

The method pursued by Mr. Dufour in erecting those poles is simple, and attended with but trifling expense. The base is formed of two logs of about 8 feet in length, which cross each other in the middle, and are there fastened together. These logs are sunk into the earth, with sufficient weight on them to prevent their floating. The Pole, (which is small and elastic, so as not to resist the ice or drift wood which may come in contact with it,) is let in, at the intersection of the logs, and stands erect.

The Legislature of Kentucky, at their session in 1802, passed a law to incorporate the Kentucky Insurance Company, which made that company a corporation and body politic, so to continue until the year 1818. By this law the company were authorized to do certain acts, and were prohibited from performing certain others; thereby making a contract between the Legislature and certain individuals composing the company. The capital stock of the company is 100,000 dollars. This sum has, from experience, been found to answer all the purposes for which it was intended. Insurance has been made for moderate premiums, and all losses punctually paid by the insurers. Our commerce began to assume a steady course, and the advantages of the institution were experienced by the western country generally. Yet the Legislature, at the present session, in violation of that faith which was reposed in them by our citizens—in defiance of that article of the constitution which declares, that "No ex post facto law, nor any law impairing contracts shall be made," are about to lay their hands upon the law incorporating the company, without the consent of the other party in the contract, to the manifest injury of the community in general. Previous to this attempt on the part of the Legislature, insurance was made by the company from Louisville to New-Orleans for a premium of 4 per cent. now they have refused to insure for less than 8 per cent. This rise in the rates of insurance must proceed from some cause, and will produce effects, fraught with disadvantages, not only to the individual shippers, but to the country generally. By the provisions of the incorporation act, nothing could be lost by the company, except the 100,000 dollars capital stock—by the law now before the Legislature, every stockholder is liable to be ruined. As it cannot be presumed that they will run that risk, it must follow, that no insurance will be made, without such a premium as will make them secure to a moral certainty. The shipper must then pay an extravagant premium for insurance—become his own insurer—or apply to the Eastern offices, for that liberal insurance which is denied him in his own state. If he makes choice of the first, all the profits of his voyage are sunk in the premium of insurance—if of the second, the loss of himself may not only ruin himself, but

materially injure those from whom he has purchased his produce—and if of the last, the premium of insurance is lost to the state—So that the community must be injured in either case. It is universally admitted, that next to the prospect of gain, the certainty of not losing, is the greatest stimulus to adventure. Upon what principle, then, should the law pass, can "we with joy look forward to a period (not far distant) when the Western merchant, actuated by a dignified spirit of enterprise, shall vie with the Eastern merchant, and commerce shall extend her sails over our western waters?" Where, then, is commerce "cherished and promoted by our government?" The final question on the passage of the bill in the house of Representatives, will we understand be taken to-morrow.

The Boston Gazette, anti-republican print, of Monday last, asserts that the Jefferson and Clinton tickets has succeeded in the State of New Hampshire. We hope to be able in a day or two to announce the event as certain.

The Sch'r Resolution, Capt. Bettner, arrived at Wilmington, N.C. left Baltimore, Oct. 1. On the 26th of September the French privateer ship Grand Decide, Capt. Goy, of said Island, mounting 22 guns, arrived at Point Peire from a cruise to windward of Barbadoes, having taken an English Guineaman, of 20 guns and 340 slaves, the Prince's Royal, a government brig of Barbadoes, of 14 guns, and a small Sch'r, called the Demarara Packet. The privateer had taken out of the Guineaman 200 prime slaves, with which he had arrived at Point Peire, the Sch'r had also arrived. The Guineaman and brig had not arrived at the time of Captain B's sailing.

At the moment of Captain B's making ready to sail, arrived in Basseterre roads, the French privateer ship La Dame Ambert, Captain Lamarque of said Island, mounting 16 12 pound carronades, with two prize ships, the Ann and Diana of Liverpool, under convoy, both armed Guineaman one of 22 the other of 18 guns, having together five hundred and forty three slaves. Captain Lamarque fell in with the two ships about 100 leagues to the windward of Barbadoes, and engaged them at the same time—having boarded one, the other attempted to escape, but the privateer immediately pursued and shortly came up with her. This was formerly the Duke of Marlborough Packet, and the same which took the British sloop of war Lilly, captain Compton.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.
Extract from a letter to a respectable merchant in this city, dated

"LEHIGH, Sept. 25.
"I wrote to you in July, by Mr. Donavan of Philadelphia, and gave you a short account of our prospects relative to the war with Tripoli. Commodore Preble's conduct since has been extremely judicious—the annexed extract will inform you of the consequences which have already attended his exertions, and will tend to prove that the measures which I have so strenuously recommended to government, were founded upon a probability of success; in my next I hope to be enabled to inform you of an advantageous peace having taken place at the expense of the Bashaw's pride."

Extract of a letter from Mr. Higgins at Malta, to I. L. Cathcart dated "MALTA, Sept. 5.
"I am in receipt of late letters from Commodore Preble off Tripoli, he had then made two attacks upon the Barbarians, the first by day, he took three of their gun boats, the second by night, he sunk three more and a large polacre, he has I presume ere this, made another assault, the result of which I am hourly expecting to learn. The reinforcement from America has not yet arrived—if they do arrive in time to form a junction with the force under the command of Commodore Preble, before the bad weather commences, I do think the Bashaw will accede to any terms that may be proposed to him, he has already come down very considerably in his demands, relinquishing entirely, I believe, his hopes of future tribute."

Agreeable to an adjournment of the Trustees of the Pennsylvania University, the 30th, of Nov. last—they are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the said University, on Wednesday the 26th inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of,
Thos. Lewis, Chmr. P. T.
Lexington, Dec. 30th, 1804.

An Election for Trustees for the town of Lexington for the ensuing year, will be held at the Court house, in the said town, on the first Saturday in January next—the polls to be opened at 2 o'clock, P. M. By order of the board,
Matt. Elder, Chm. P. T.
Lexington, December 8, 1804.

DRAWING.
Ground plans, elevations, and sections for building of any description, in the most plain and elegant style; also bills of materials, and estimate of expenses, to execute such plans, as will be given, may be had at a small expense, by applying to
O. P. ROBERTS,
At Mr. John Keifers, Lexington.
Dec. 10th, 1804.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
BY virtue of an act of the General Assembly passed the present session—Will be let to the lowest bidder, (not exceeding one thousand dollars,) at Montgomery Court house, on the first Monday in March next, THE OPENING OF A ROAD, (as marked by John McIntire,) from Thomas Green's Farm, near the mouth of Triple, on Licking River, in Fleming County, passing by the Little Sandy Salt Works, to Big Sandy River, at the junction of the road opened by Virginia—

The ROAD to be cleared fifteen feet wide, all fallen timber to be removed, and the banks of creeks to be dug down, as to make the passage easy to Horsemen, and Drivers—and completed within twelve months from the day of undertaking the same—The undertaker to give bond with approved security, in the penalty of two thousand dollars, and receive no part of the compensation until the work is done.

JAMES FRENCH,
JOHN MCINTIRE, } Comrs
WILL. GREAR.
Dec. 3d, 1804.

The several Printers in the State, will please to give the above an insertion.

Long Credit.

I WILL sell the FARM whereon I now live, one mile from Lexington, containing 180 acres, equal to any in the State; about 120 acres in wood, and well timbered; the other under high cultivation: a further description I presume is unnecessary, as the place is well known, it being the late seat of the Hon. B. Thurston. Also about ten likely NEGROES, three are Tradersmen—the STOCK upon the Farm; nine years credit will be given, by paying interest annually on the purchase money. Possession will be given the 1st March next. Also one thousand acres of Military Land, in Henderson County, waters of Pond River, equal to any in the County; about 50 acres under good cultivation, with good hewed log cabins on it, which will be sold low for cash or short credit. Also 2550 acres, Madison County, Sturgeon Creek, which will be sold low for trade.
M: SATTERWHITE.
December 10th, 1804.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
TWO or THREE YOUNG MEN,
ABOUT 16 OR 17 YEARS OF AGE, AS
Apprentices
TO THE
BLACKSMITH'S BUSINESS.
C. KEISER.

TO BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

ON Saturday, the 17th of January 1805, at the Dwelling House of the late Gilbert Simpson, near the Georgetown road, about four miles from Lexington, the Personal Estate of said Simpson, consisting of Horses, Cows, Sheep, Hogs, and Household Furniture of almost every kind. 12 months credit will be given for all sums over 4 dollars, by giving bond and approved security. The purchaser not paying to the day, may expect to pay interest from the day of sale. Any sum under four dollars, must be ready money. It is requested that all persons who have any demands against the estate, will make them known, properly authenticated, that the executor may admit them agreeably to law; and those who are indebted will come in and settle, for I wish to make use of industry to have the estate settled.
JOHN SIMPSON, Exor.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.
STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, living within two miles of Limehouse, on the road to Washington, about the 27th of July last,
A Sorrel Mare and Stud Colt,
The Mare was 4 years old last Spring, about 14 hands 3 inches high, her off hind foot white up to the fetlock, and a few white hairs in her forehead, shews the blood; branded on the near shoulder HO, but the H appears like I unless closely examined; the Colt was foaled in May last, and is also a Sorrel, with a few white hairs in his forehead. Whoever will deliver the above described Cattle to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward; or ten dollars for information, by Post, to the Mayville Post-Office, where she may be had. The Mare was raised by Mr. Henry Odds, near Danville, where it was supposed she would attempt to go.
Elijah Martin.
December 8th, 1804.

Alex. Parker & Co.

HAVE just imported from Philadelphia, and opened at their store in Lexington, on Main street, opposite the court-house, a very extensive and elegant assortment of

Merchandise,
Consisting of
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARD WARE,
QUEEN'S,
GLASS & WARES,
CHINA

which they will sell on the most moderate terms for Cash and good inspected Crop Tobacco.
Nov. 26, 1804.

25 DOLLARS REWARD.
Ran away from the subscriber, living in Clarke County, Kentucky, a bright mulatto man, named Harlin, about 25 years of age, five feet eight or ten inches high, well made, straight hair, has a small impediment in his speech; he took away with him a striped cotton coat, waistcoat and overalls, one black wool hat, one white fur, do. and one Dutch blanket, half worn. I will give the above reward for apprehending the said mulatto, and securing him in any jail, so that I can get him, and all reasonable charges if brought home.
Achilles Eubank.
Clarke County, Dec. 1, 1804.

John Delile,

INFORMS the public, that he makes all kinds of Surgeon's Instruments, Electrifying Machines, Engines for cutting Clock & Watch Wheels, Wire Net-Work, &c. &c. Also, that he has now erected an Electrifying Machine of a superior quality to any exhibited in America, at the dwelling of Mr. Prentiss, adjoining the Prison, where the Lame & Sick may be relieved, on the recommendation of a Physician.
Dec. 4th, 1804.

The noted imported Stallion, SPREAD EAGLE,
Will stand to cover mares the ensuing season, at Danville.
And,
The superior English Stallion STERLING,
Will stand the season at this place; their pedigrees, performances and prices of covering, will be given the public in due time.
Wm. T. Banton.
Lexington, Dec. 1, 1804.

In pursuance of a decree of the Madison Circuit Court, will be exposed for sale on the premises, on the first day of January next, all the right and title of Afa Searcy, in and to a tract of LAND, lying on the waters of Otter Creek, in Madison County, containing three hundred and fifty acres, being one fourth of John Farrow's Settlement and Pre-emption, or so much thereof as will satisfy and pay to Talton Embry the balance due to him according to said decree.

JOHN PATRICK, WILLIAM KERLEY, WILLIAM GOODLOE.
Madison, Nov. 19th, 1804.

Just Imported, BY FREDERICK HISE,
And now opening on Main street, in Lexington, next door above Mr. Croft, The following Articles:—
Loaf Sugar, 2s 6d per lb.
Coffee, 2 9
Chocolate, 2 6
TEAS,
Young Hyson, 11s
Old ditto, 10 6
Pepper, 3
Allspice, 3
Ginger, 2 6
WINES,
Sherry, 5s per quart,
Lisbon, 5
Port, 5
Teneriffe, 5
Malaga, 4 6
Jamaica Spirits, 4 6
French Brandy, 4 6
Whiskey, 1
All kinds of Salt Fish,
And a great many other articles too tedious to mention.
Lexington, Kentucky, Nov. 26.

State of Kentucky, Mercer Circuit, 6th, August Term, 1804.
Nicholas Curry's Legal Representatives, Complainants,
Against
Jacob Copeland, & others, Defs'ts,
IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant William Birney, not having entered his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the said defendant Birney is no inhabitant of this State, On the motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the 3d day of the next February Term of this Court, and answer the complainant's bill; and that this order be inserted in some one of the Kentucky News Papers agreeable to law.
A Copy. Attest,
SAML. WOODSON, D. C.

GREENEABLE to a decree of the Hon. the Circuit Court of Fayette County, in Chancery sitting at their June Term 1804, will be exposed to sale at public auction on the premises in the town of Lexington, on the 3d day of January 1805, THE AMERICAN EPISCOPAL CHURCH in said town, together with THE LOT whereon it stands, for ready money, to satisfy a balance due Madox Fisher, with interest and costs of suit.
JOHN BRADFORD, } Comrs.
JOHN W. HUNT, }
BENJA. STOUT. }
Dec. 5, 1804.

Montgomery County, to wit—
JEREMIAH DAVIS one of the Commonwealth's Justices of the peace, for said County, to all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, and Headboroughs, within the Commonwealth of Kentucky. WHEREAS Nathaniel Vile, labourer, who was committed to my custody, by the warrant of Thomas Warnal, a Justice of the peace for the County of Clarke, on suspicion of perjury, did on the 28th of November 1804, instant, forcibly escape from my keeping, and is now going at large; these are therefore in the name of the Commonwealth, to require you, and every of you, in your respective Counties, Cities, Towns, and Precincts, to make diligent search by way of hue and cry, for the said Nathaniel Vile, and him having found, to seize and retake, and safely convey, or cause him to be safely conveyed, to the jail of the said county of Montgomery, there to be kept until he shall thence be discharged by due course of law. Given under my hand and seal the 28th day of November 1804.
Jeremiah Davis, (seal.)

Thomas Hart jun.
WISHES to sell or rent, the **Brick House,**
On main street, lately occupied by Capt. Wm. West.
November 30th, 1804.

FOR SALE for cash, a family of **Likely Negroes.**
Enquire of the Printer hereof. tf

WHEREAS my wife Mary McCleneham has eloped from my bed and board without any just cause, therefore I do hereby forewarn any person or persons, from trading with her or trusting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting from this date.
William McCleneham.
Jefferson County, Nov. 29th, 1804.

HOG'S BRISTLES WANTED.
One shilling and three pence per pound will be given in cash, for good, clean, well combed HOG'S BRISTLES, by the subscriber, at his shop at the corner of Main Cross street and Short street, Lexington; where he continues to carry on
BRUSH MAKING
Any person may be supplied with all kinds of BRUSHES, either wholesale or retail, at a much lower price than any heretofore ever sold in Kentucky, and of a better quality than any brought from Philadelphia. He hopes it will be the study of every good citizen to encourage this manufacture. He still continues carrying on WINDSOR CHAIR & WHEEL making as usual.
ROBERT HOLMES.
Lexington, Dec. 4th, 1804.

Bourbon Circuit, August term, 1804.
John Shaw, complainant.
against
Robert Ballentine & others defts.
In Chancery.

The defendant Ballentine, not having entered his appearance herein agreeable to the act of assembly and rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth: on the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that he do appear here on the third day of the next February term, and answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order be inserted for eight weeks successively in some one of the Gazettes of this State.
(A copy.) Attest
Thomas Arnold, Clk.

TAKEN up by James Brown living on Cooper's run, Bourbon county, A Two Year Old **BROWN FILLY,**
with a large star in her forehead, and a small snip on her nose, both hind feet white, docked but no brand, of a slender make, about 13 hands one inch high; appraised to twenty dollars, given under my hand this 16th day of July, 1804.
George Edwards, J. P. B. C.

Encyclopaedia.
THE American Edition of the **Encyclopaedia,**
May be had at this Office, low for cash, if application is immediately made.

THE AMERICAN CAPTIVE
IN TRIPOLI.

By RAY, An American Captive.

YE lurid domes! whose tottering columns
Stand,
Marks of the despot's desolating hand;
Whose weed-grown roofs, and mould'ring arches show,
The curse of tyranny, a nation's woe;
In every ruin, every pile, I find
A warning lesson to a thoughtful mind,
Your dreary cells expressive silence break,
Echo to groans, and eloquently speak:
The Christian's blood cements the stones he
rears,
This clay was moisten'd with the Christians
Pale at these walls, a prisoner oft has lain,
Felt the keen scourge, and worn the ruthless
chain;
While scolding foes encreasing torture pour,
'Till the poor victim feels, alas! no more,
Even here thy sons, America, are found,
Lock'd in foul prisons, and in fetters bound.

Heavens! what times! must free Col-
umbians bow,
Before yon tinsel'd tyrant's murky brow!
Cringe to a power, which death and rapine
crown?
Smile at a smile, and tremble at a frown!
Kneel at a throne, its clemency implore,
Enrich'd by spoils, and stain'd with human
 gore?
To pirate fiends obsequious homage pay;
Their presence honor, and their will obey?
Endure the lash, the ponderous load sustain!
Suppress their anger, and their threats refrain!
Leave a rich clime? explore the treacherous
waves,
The sport of miscreants, and the slave of slaves?

Heavens! at the sight, each patriot captive
glows
With virtuous hatred on his country's foes;
At every blow, indignant passions rise,
And vengeance flames from resentful eyes.
But heaven is just; no man a bewilder'd mind,
To the dark ways of providence is blind;
Else, why are some ordain'd above the rest?
Or villains treated better than the best?
Why martyr'd virtue! hang thy injured head?
Why lived an Arnold, while a Warren bled?
Earth's murderers triumph, proud oppressors
reign,
While patriots bleed, and captives sigh in vain.
Yet slumbering justice soon shall wake and
show
Her sword unsheath'd, and bend the hostile
Columbia's generous bow round each foe,
And thy blest shade, immortal Washington!
Unite to guard us from nefarious foes,
And heaven defend, and angels interpose;
Devoted tyrants cause our wrath to feel,
And Bays and Baflaws in submission kneel,
Man's equal right, sweet liberty, restore,
And despotism fall, to rise no more.

"Trides, light as air."

Lord Frankland, the author of the
play called the Marriage Night, was
chosen very young to sit in Parliament,
and when he was first elected, some of
the members opposed his admission, ar-
guing that he had not served all his wild
oats. "Then (replied he,) it will be
the best way to sow the remainder in
the House, where there are so many
geese to pick them up."

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being about to leave
the State, & expecting to be absent
some Months, most earnestly requests all
those who are indebted to him to make
immediate application to William H.
Richardson, & Thomas Barlow, Stu-
dents of Medicine for settlement, who at
this time reside in Lexington, and are
authorized to receipt for all monies paid
on my account. It is hoped that no
compulsory measures will be necessary--
It is however expected that prompt
payments will be made.

November 5th, 1804.

DRS. BROWN & WARFIELD
BEG leave to inform the public that they
will practice
MEDICINE & SURGERY,
In partnership, in the town of Lexington and
the vicinity.

They have just received from Philadelphia,
Supply of

FRESH DRUGS,
which they will sell whole sale or retail, at their
New Apothecary Shop, next door to Mr.
Leavy's store. Physicians who purchase, will
be supplied only with such as are fresh and
genuine.

Dr. J. S. Instruments & Shop Fur-
niture

May also be had October 20th, 1804.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from this place, on
yesterday morning, a bound Boy, named
DAVID HARDY,
about 15 or 16 years of age, low in sta-
ture, fair hair; he had on a tow linen
Hunting Shirt and Overalls of a red-
dish color, but will probably change the
Hunting Shirt, as he took with him, a
striped cotton Round about Coat, which
was rather too large for him--it is also
likely he will change his name. Who-
ever will apprehend said Boy, and deli-
ver him to Mr. James Beatty or Mr.
Charles Hamilton, Scott County, shall
have the above reward.

Alexander Hamilton.
Lexington Nov. 22, 1804.

RECORD BOOKS,
LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, &c.
May be had on application at this
Office.

Charles Wilkins,
the Brick House opposite the Court House,
late occupied by Messrs. Parker and Gray,
an Extensive Assortment of
Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Queens-
Ware, Groceries, Crowley Steel, &
Dorsey's best Iron;

Which will be sold cheap for CASH
or HEMP.

Lexington, 3d May, 1804.
Four or five Journeymen
Rope-Makers wanted. None need
apply but good workmen.

BLUE, RED AND GREEN DYING.

THE SUBSCRIBER

WISHES to inform the public, that he con-
tinues to carry on the

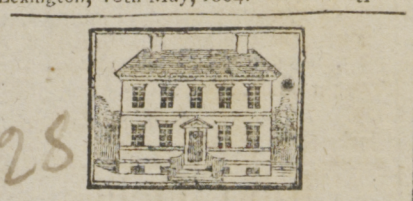
WHEEL-WRIGHT BUSINESS,

and

BLUE DYING.

On High street, at the sign of the Spinning
Wheel; and will dye cotton, linen and wool
with a warm dye, which he will warrant to
stand equal to any blue in America.
The deepest blue for 4/6 per lb. My token is I.C.
stamped on tin. Any person wishing to prove
either of the colours will please to wash them,
which will convince them it is a warm dye and
will stand.

JOHN COLDWELL.
Lexington, 10th May, 1804.



WILSON'S TAVERN,

(LATELY POSTLETHWAIT'S.)

I HAVE rented the House and Ta-
vern, lately occupied by me, in this
town, to Joshua Wilson, formerly of
Bairdstown. I beg leave to return my
sincere thanks to my numerous customers,
for their preference in my favor whilst in
that house, and am happy, and confident
in assuring those who continue their fa-
vors to Mr. Wilson, that they will find
every accommodation that the house and
situation is capable of affording--which,
I hope I do not presume in saying, will
be equal to any in the Western Coun-
try.

J. POSTLETHWAIT.
Lexington, (K.) June 4, 1804.

State of Kentucky--Lincoln Circuit Co.

At the September term of the Circuit
court aforesaid, in 1804.

William Worley Complainant,

Against

Joseph Ballinger, & Alexander S.

Outlaw, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Alexander S. Outlaw, not
having entered his appearance herein ac-
cording to law, and it appearing to the satis-
faction of the Court, that he is an inhabitant of
the State of Tennessee, On the motion of the
Complainant, it is ordered that the said Alex-
ander do appear here on the 3rd day of
the next term of this Court, and answer the
complainant's bill; And it is ordered that a copy
of this order, be forthwith published in the
Kentucky Gazette for two months successively,
according to the act of the General Assem-
bly, in such cases made and provided.
A Copy. Atteste

Thomas Montgomery C. L. C. C.

ADVERTISEMENT.

I DO hereby caution all persons against tra-
dip for three bonds, given by me to Joseph
Kyle, of three hundred and eighty one dollar,
and two thirds each; becoming due as fol-
lows: the one on the 25th of December 1804,
the other on December the 25th 805, the other
on the 25th of December 1806, as I am de-
termined not to pay them, unless compelled by
law; except a sufficient title be made to a cer-
tain tract of land, in consequence of which,
said bonds were given.

Nov. 20th, 1804.

SAMUEL GREGG.

3w.

UNGRATEFULLY abandoned

the service of the subscriber, on the

11th ult. by the injudicious counsel

of some plebeians, a Negro Woman

named

CILLA,

about 23 years of age, pock-marked,

and rather of an auburn com-
plexion, of about an ordinary sta-
ture, stout and well made, and
has a cicatrice on the inside of
her right arm, below the elbow,
speaks broken English, and has a
smattering of the German language,
and when she went away was far ad-
vanced in pregnancy; she was born
and raised to adolescence, in the
State of New-York, from thence emi-
grated to South Carolina, at which
place I became her proprietor last
spring, and I suspect from some of
her innuendoes, previous to her de-
fection, that she will endeavour to
get to one or the other of those
States, but rather suppose to the lat-
ter. It is probable that she has
procured a pass in my name, from
some of those rabble who egged her
to exilement. Any person arrest-
ing said Negro and bringing or safe-
ly conveying her to me, or incar-
cerating her so that I get her, and
communicating the same through
the medium of a letter, by Mail,
lodged in the Lexington Post Office,
shall be amply compensated, by me
living at Boone's Station, 10 mil
East of Lexington.

Dec. 4, 1804.

Richd. Bledsoe.

DOCTOR JOSEPH BOSWELL.
HAS removed to his farm, seven
miles east of Lexington, near the
Rev. Ambrose Dudley's, where he will
continue to practice Medicine, in all its
different branches. All those indebted
to him, are requested to come forward
and settle their respective accounts.
April 9, 1804.

FOR SALE,
A Merchant-Mill, Saw-Mill
and Distillery.

SITUATE on the waters of Sil-
ver-creek, in Madison county, about
six miles from the court-house, and
ten miles from the Kentucky river,
to which is annexed 140 acres of

LAND.

The stream and seat are equal to any
in the State, and the Mills and Distil-
lery in prime order. For terms ap-
ply to the subscriber on the premises.

ROBERT PORTER.

Madison county }
Oct. 1st, 1803. } tf

MEDITERRANEAN PASSPORTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT it has been deemed expedi-
ent to change the form of the Mediter-
ranean Passports issued to vessels of the
United States; that from the eighth
day of July next, those of the new
form will be issued at the custom houses,
to every vessel, for which application
may be made on a compliance with the
terms prescribed by law, and forreder-
ing the former passport of which they may
be possessed, if any, in which latter case
no fees will be required for the exchange;
and that by an arrangement agreed upon
by the Barbary powers, with whom we
are at peace, either the old or the
new form of passport will be sufficient
to protect the vessels of the United
States from capture until the 1st of Ju-
ly, 1805, after which the old form of
passport will be unavailable, and the
new one alone in use.

Department of State, }
23d of May, 1804. }

The printers of the laws of the United

States are requested to insert the

above in their Gazettes twice a week

for the space of six months, and the Col-
lectors of the Customs to keep copies of
it posted up in their offices.

6m

HEREAS a number of the officers of the

late Revolutionary Army, were unfor-
tunate enough to locate their claims in a
tract of country, since found to be com-
prehended within the Indian claims. This
is therefore to give notice, that application is
intended to be made, in the name of all those
who will redress, by petition to Congress--
and little doubt is entertained, from the hard-
ship of the case, but other land will be sub-
stituted. The agent who undertakes the man-
agement of the business, asks, as compensation,
one third only, of what land is actually
located and ultimately saved, he being at all
expense to patenting the land. All who wish,
upon these terms, their claims to be attended
to, are requested to write forthwith to Thom-
as Bodley, of Lexington, who will communi-
cate with such agent.

5

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

A Quantity of

FLAX & HEMP SEED;

DELIVERED at George Leibe's oil mill,
on the Limestone road, about half a mile
from the court house in Lexington; for which
a generous price will be given.

Sept. 10, 1804.

William Bobb.

tf

BOAT-YARD.

KEEL, Orleans or Kentucky Boats,

will be delivered on the Monongahely
river, at any place between Brownville
(Redstone) and Pittsburgh, on the short-
est notice and most moderate terms. As
I conceive I am better prepared for
boat building than any other on these
waters, I flatter myself that the Kentu-
cky merchants, and traders to New-Or-
leans, &c. will be better and more spe-
ciously accommodated at my yard, than they
can at any other. Orders addressed to
me at Brownville shall be duly attend-
ed to.

John McCortney.

October 4th, 1804.

9w

Brown, Hart & Co.

With to hire for 12 months,

15 or 20 NEGRO MEN,

To be employed at their Salt Petre Works in
Madison county, for each of whom they will
give 80 dollars, and they will in addition to
the above, give to each negro 20 dollars at the
end of the year, provided he conducts himself
with propriety.

8th November, 1804.

CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just received

from Philadelphia, at his store in Paris,

in addition to his former stock, an elegant as-
ortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

which was bought uncommonly low for cash,
and at the time of purchasing; and as he
means to quit business, he will sell the goods
on hand at his store, at the first cost and car-
riage, for the cash in hand paid.

He also returns his sincere thanks to his
friends and the public in general for past
favours, since he commenced business in this
place; and in confirmation of his friendship
and high esteem, will close business in giving
good bargains.

WILLIAM SCOTT.

Paris, November 26th, 1804.

P.S. When goods are charged, or sold for
produce, they will be at the customary prices
in this place.

4t

W. S.

FAIR SPECULATION ON VALUABLE
LANDS,

To Sell at moderate prices for Six or Eight years Credit--Viz.

3705 Acres at the mouth of Indian creek,
on Red river, branch of Kentucky river.
2295 acres at the mouth of Holly creek,
including Frozen creek, branches of the Ken-
tucky river, about 9 miles above its three
forks.
2267 acres on the North fork of Rock Ca-
le river.
300 acres on the southern bank of Kentu-
cky river, opposite the mouth of Hickman
creek.
2000 acres including the main branch of
Welch's creek, waters of Green river.
250 acres in the Illinois grant, 918 poles
of the branches of Green river.

And 666 2-3 acres on Trade Water.

The above are Military Lands, and
well situated. A Tract of Land in the
neighbourhood of Lexington, will be ta-
ken in exchange. Apply to John Pope,
esq. of Lexington, who will give any
information that may be required as to
the terms.

FOR SALE.

3000 acres of valuable Military Land,
lying on Highland Creek, about sixteen
miles from the Ohio, and two or three
miles from Robertson's Salt-works.

Also 1500 acres on the Ohio, nearly
opposite the mouth of the Wabash, and
4 miles from the town of Carthage.

Also, 1500 acres on Deer creek, one
of the branches of Green river.

For further information apply to the Printer in Lexington, to Robert
Craddock in Danville, to Thomas Howard in Richmond, Madison county,
or to William Sadduth Clarke county.

JUST IMPORTED,

And now opening for sale by WILLIAM
LEAVY, at his store in Lexington,

A LARGE, ELEGANT, AND WELL CHO-
SEN ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE,

BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

ON the most reduced terms for cash;
consisting of the following articles,
besides a number of others too tedious
to insert: viz.

Superfine, Fine, Coarse & Double milled drab, Coatings, Cashmere, Moreens, Durants, Joan's spinning, Bombazettes & Wild-borcs, Irish linens, Velvets, Thicketts, Fancy & Constitution Cords, Scarlet Cardinals, Dimities, Mar'elles, Newell Fashion Toila-nets, Stripe & plain man's fatten for waistcoat-ing, Lutefrings, Mantua, Senhews, Pelongs and fattins, Nankeens, Calicoes, Chintzes, Plain and figured Cambric, Jaconet, Tambooured, India, Book and Lappet Silk, Worsted & Mohair Plush, Cotton, worsted, and silk Hosiery, The best Philadelphia made Umbrellas, Leather, Sattinets, Plain, Spangled & Kid Mill, Pitt, Cuffs cut, Hand, Tenon, Dove tail, and Comfals

Files and Rasps, Cotton, wool, and tow Cards, Anvils, Vices, Steel, Saddlery, fromongery and Gut-tery, And best London Pew-ter, A general assortment of imported Cut & Wrought Nails, 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Window Glats, to-gether with a very large assortment of Glats, China, and Queen's, Also a number of Law, History, Divinity & School Writing Paper, Slates and morocco Pocket Books,

An extensive variety, of GROCERIES viz: Imperial, Hyson Chulong, Hyson, & Boka, A superior quality of Coffee, Ginger, Allspice, Pepper, Chocolate, Mace, Cloves, Nutmegs, Madder, Allum, Logwood, All kinds of Hatters' Trimmings, and Dye Stuffs, Paints and Medicines, &c. &c. &c.

39

Travellers' Hall.

THE SUBSCRIBER

HAS lately been induced, from the
rapid increase of his custom, to
purchase a lot of ground, adjoining that
on which he lives, for the purpose of
building a dining room and assembly
room, each 54 by 32 feet 10 inches,
with six additional lodging rooms, and in-
tends to finish them before the ensuing
winter; which, together with his Ta-
vern and house, will occupy a front of
near one hundred feet in the most agree-
able part of the town, and in the centre of
business, being on the highest part of the
public square. He has considerably in-
creased the furniture, &c. of his house
and stables--His domestics and servants
are of the most faithful dispositions and
properly qualified for the departments to
which they are arranged--He has a con-
stant supply of the best stable forage, im-
ported and country provisions, imported
liquors, &c. of the best quality, foreign
newspapers, &c. &c. and his ice will,
most probably, last through the hot wea-
ther.

The distinguished preference which the
first characters have already given him in
his business, fills him with gratitude. He
offers his sincere thanks to all his good
friends, and begs leave to assure them,
that neither his time nor his purse shall
be spared in attempting to render the
Travellers' Hall, a house of entertain-
ment, for Gentle Guests only, equal to
any in America.

R. BRADLEY.

Lexington, (K.) 12th June, 1804.

N. B. A stage runs from the Travel-
lers' Hall to the Olympian Springs in the
summer, and to Frankfort during the ses-
sion of Assembly.

R. B.

I wish to purchase a large quantity of

Flax Seed,

For manufacturing and for exportation.

Also, a quantity of

Hemp Seed,

To be delivered after the first of Sep-
tember next, at my Oil mill, where

LINSEED OIL

of the first quality may always be had.

JOHN BOBB.

July 25.

N. B. I have provided good vessels
of different sizes for containing oil.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE just received from New-Or-
leans, per the boat Jefferson, Robert
Spurr, Master.

123 boxes 1R quality Havannah Sugar,
8 barrels do, Spanish Indigo,
6 puncheons-Rum,
3 pipes London particular Madeira Wine,
1 do. Sherry.

63 doz. best long cork Claret,

Which will be sold low for approved
notes at 60 and 90 days. Apply to

John Jordan, Jr. or
Banks & Owings.

Lexington (K.) 2d July, 1804.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I shall meet the fourth
Saturday the 22d of December next, at
Capt. Lahan Shipp's, with the commissioners
appointed by an order of the county court o
Parrishon, under the act of Assembly, entitled
"An act to reduce into one, the several acts to
ascertain the boundaries of and processioning
lands" in the county aforesaid, on Flat Run,
a branch of Stoner's Fork of Licking; and
from thence proceed with the said commission-
ers, to the beginning corner of my settlement
of 400 acres on said Run, and shall then and
there proceed to take the depositions of wit-
nesses, to establish the calls contained in the
said settlement entry, all the calls contained
in the pre-emption entry appendant thereon,
and then and there to do such other acts as may
be further necessary, and agreeable to law.

ISAAC RUDDELL.

Nov. 21st, 1804.

Writing Paper,

For Sale by the Room.

State of Kentucky--Lincoln Circuit Co.

At the September term of the Circuit
court aforesaid, in 1804.

William Worley Complainant,

Against

Joseph Ballinger, & Others, Defs.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Alexander S. Outlaw, not
having entered his appearance herein ac-
cording to law, and it appearing to the satis-
faction of the court, that he is an inhabitant of
the State of Tennessee, on the motion of
the complainant, it is ordered that the
said Alexander do appear here on the 3rd day
of the next term of this Court, and answer the
complainant's bill; And it is ordered that a copy
of this order be forthwith published in the
Kentucky Gazette for two months successively,
according to the act of the General Assem-
bly, in such cases made and provided.
A Copy. Atteste

Thomas Montgomery, C. L. C. C.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WILL be sold in Winchester, Clarke coun-
ty, at public auction, for ready money,
on the fourth Monday in December next, pur-
suant to an order of the Honorable Clarke Cir-
cuit Court, at their October Term 1804, one
Negro man named Peter, one Negro woman
named Dilla, & six of her children, one Ne-
gro man named Will, one Negro man med-
ley, one named Primus, one named Edmund,
one Negro woman named Nancy, & one Ne-
gro man named James; one Stead horse, two
Geldings, one work Steer, and some other
articles, agreeably to a decree of the Circuit
Court of Clarke, in a suit wherein Robert
Clarke sen. was complainant, and David Eub-
lock, Josias Bullock, Andrew McCalla &
Co. defendants, in pursuance to the tenor of
a decree heretofore made in the court of Q. S.
for said county, at their June Term 1802, in
a suit wherein, Andrew McCalla & Co. & Da-
vid Bullock were complainants, & Josias Bul-
lock was defendant: and if the above prop-
erty should not be sold on that day, the sale will
continue from day to day until it is sold,
where due attendance will be given by

D. COLLINS, } Com'rs.
3w* W. Sudduth, }

STOP THE RUN-AWAY!

FOUR CENTS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber on the 13th
day of October last, an Apprentice boy
to the Hattling business, named William Fry,
about 17 years of age, of a slender make, mid-
dling dark complexion, speaks quick, but apt
to flammer a little when closely questioned, no
charges paid if brought home. All persons
are hereby forewarned from harboring said
Apprentice, for they shall be dealt with as
the law directs.

Shadrach D. Northcutt.

May's Lick, Mason county, 2

Kentucky, Nov. 14th, 1804.